



# White-stingray

## bypassing stingray detectors

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# What's the talk about

- IMSI catcher detector applications claim to detect stingrays and offer protection
- Study **Strengths** and **Weaknesses** – Hands ON testing

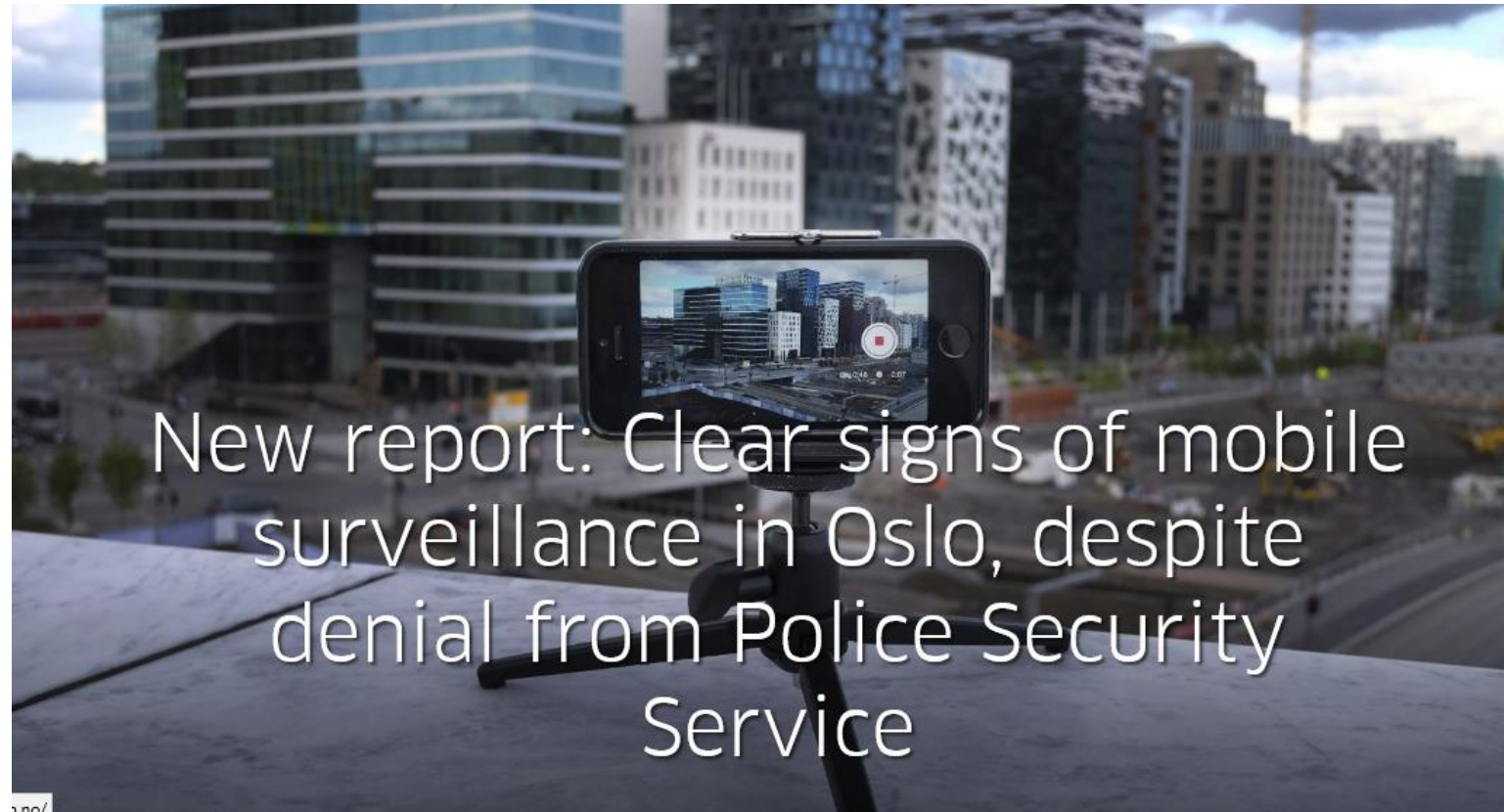
# What to expect

- Stingray striking on mobiles – security breach
- Any tools for protection.
- How do they work. Can we trust them?
- Lets test..! Need a stingray..!
- What's the story? Bypassed or caught.?
- Key learnings

# Stingray

- AKA **IMSI Catcher** – **fake base station** 
- Used by law enforcement agencies, police, criminals
- Call/SMS interception, identity theft, Denial of Service, spoofing, MITM
- Exploiting weaknesses in 2G and 3G mobile networks
  - Lack of mutual authentication
  - Phone loves high power base stations
  - Identity requests 24/7 with zero security
  - Full authority of the base station – security regulation (ON/OFF)

# Stingray Spotted



New report: Clear signs of mobile surveillance in Oslo, despite denial from Police Security Service

[https://www.aftenposten.no/norge/i/kamWB/New-report-Clear-signs-of-mobile-surveillance-in-Oslo\\_-despite-denial-from-Police-Security-Service](https://www.aftenposten.no/norge/i/kamWB/New-report-Clear-signs-of-mobile-surveillance-in-Oslo_-despite-denial-from-Police-Security-Service)

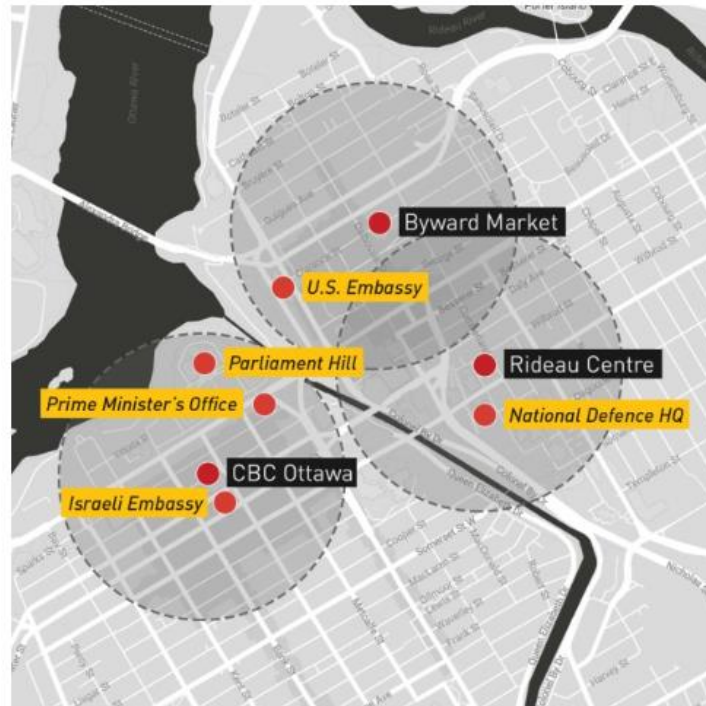


# Stingray Spotted

## CBC INVESTIGATES | Someone is spying on cellphones in the nation's capital

A CBC/Radio-Canada investigation has found cellphone trackers at work near Parliament Hill and embassies

By Catherine Cullen, Brigitte Bureau, CBC News | Posted: Apr 03, 2017 5:00 PM ET | Last Updated: Apr 03, 2017 6:02 PM ET



The locations in black are where CBC/Radio-Canada detected IMSI catchers in Ottawa. The circles show the range the IMSI catchers could cover. (CBC)

### Canadian spies?

Our security expert suggested the IMSI catchers we saw might be the work of a domestic agency, like Canada's electronic spy agency, the Communications Security Establishment.

"One possibility is that the Communications Security Establishment has been mandated to monitor the network for protection purposes, in a defensive way," he said.

CSE said it's not allowed to do that.

"To be clear, by law, CSE is not permitted to direct its activities at Canadians anywhere or at anyone in Canada," a spokesperson said in a statement, adding that CSE respects the law.



IMSI catchers pretend to be a cellphone tower to attract nearby cell signals and intercept the unique ID number associated with your phone, the International Mobile Subscriber Identity or IMSI. (CBC)

[https://www.theregister.co.uk/2017/03/23/fake\\_base\\_stations\\_spreading\\_malware\\_in\\_china/](https://www.theregister.co.uk/2017/03/23/fake_base_stations_spreading_malware_in_china/)  
<http://www.cbc.ca/news/politics/imsi-cellphones-spying-ottawa-1.4050049>

02.03.2018

Nullcon, Goa

theregister.co.uk/2017/03/23/fake\_base\_stations\_spreading\_malware\_in\_china

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### Security

## Fake mobile base stations spreading malware in China

'Swearing Trojan' pushes phishing texts around carriers' controls

By Richard Chirgwin 23 Mar 2017 at 05:02

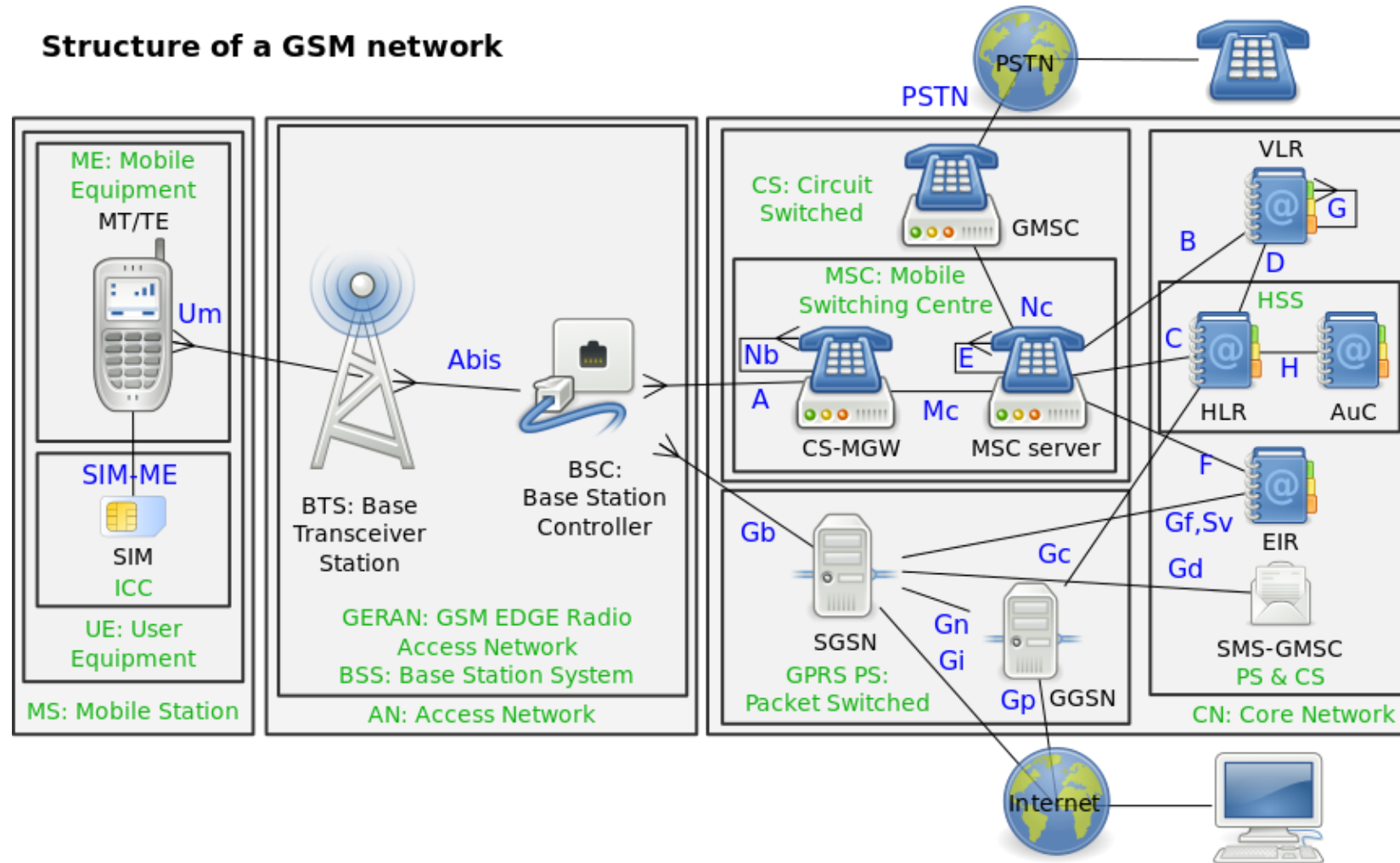
10 SHARE ▼

## Police frequently uses Silent SMS to locate suspects

By EDRi

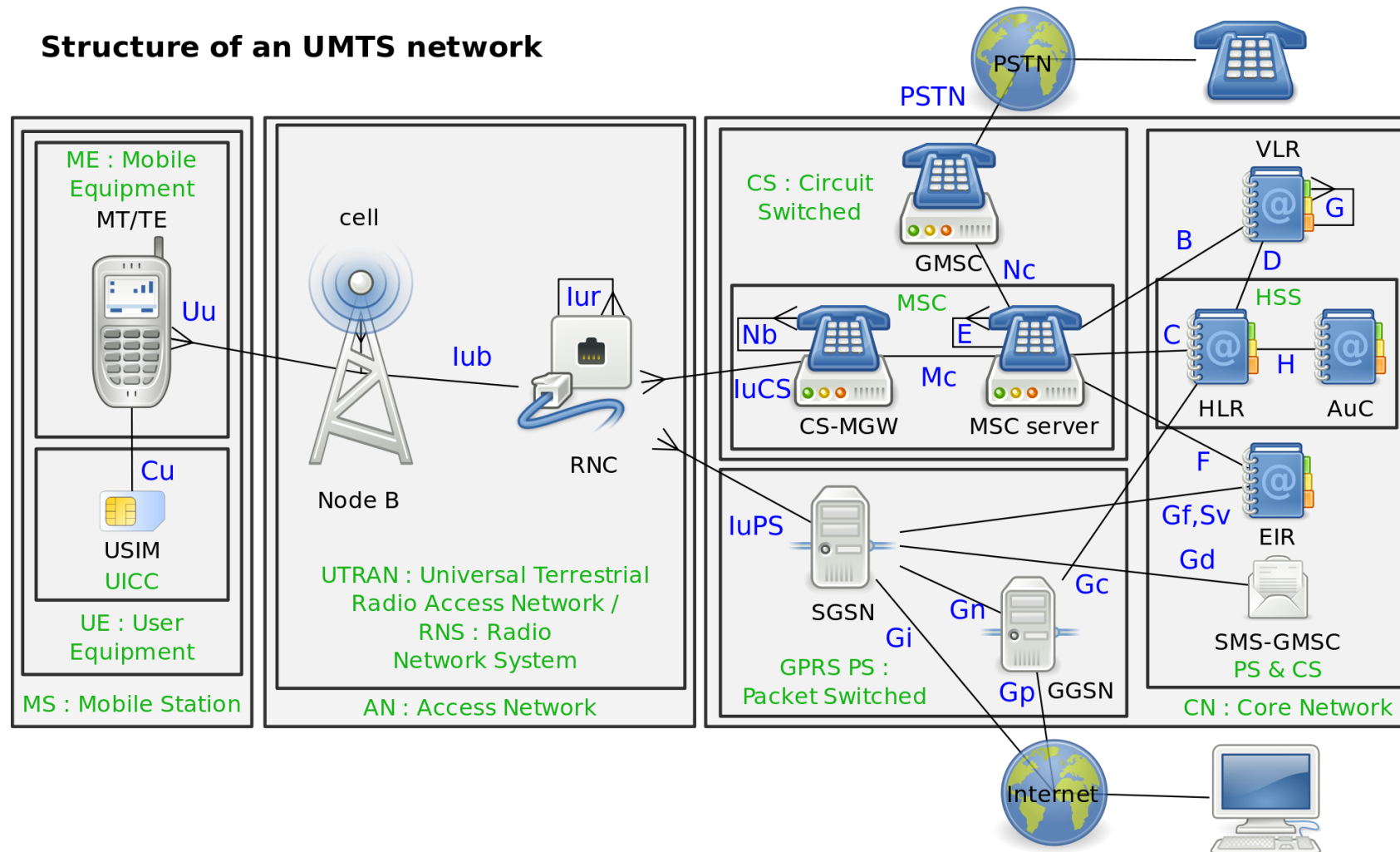
# Recalling 2G network

## Structure of a GSM network



# Recalling 3G network

**Structure of an UMTS network**





# Need protection.. But How.? Any tools.?

- IMSI Catcher detector (ICD)
  - App based
    - Open source, mostly android based, available for common users (need root)
    - Can detect, but cannot prevent from connecting
  - Commercial
    - *GSMK cryptophone, Overwatch* Expensive, not-open for research
    - Detect and avoid connecting back
- Network based
  - Installed on operators network, require operator support


# Basic operation of ICD

- **Analysis** of cellular network **traces**
- Traces = communication between phone and base station
- Traces directly from the modem **diagnostics port** – interfaces provided by smartphone OS (only android; no apple and windows)
- Abnormal message pattern, unauthorized requests for data/identities, security-OFF indicators




# Target - Which ICD apps

- *AIMSICD, Snoopsnitch, Darshak* – open source, require root, access to traces
- *GSM Spy Finder, Cell Spy Catcher* – only apk, non-root, minimal info to detect




Cell Spy Catcher (Arskibapps)

★★★★★




SnoopSnitch  
Security Research Labs

★★★★★



GSM Spy Finder  
GALAN

★★★★★









SnoopSnitch xLite  
emigenix

★★★★★ €4.79

**Android IMSI-Catcher Detector (AIMSICD)**  
Version: 0.1.37-alpha-rc1 (debug)  
Build: March 3, 2018

Android-based project to detect and avoid fake base stations (IMSI-Catchers) in GSM/UMTS Networks.

Press Status Icons below for detailed information:

	Idle / Loading.		Active tracking close to you!
	Everything OK.		You are being tracked down!
	Insecure Service Area. Leave it!		RUN! Handset manipulated!

# Target – Why these apps

- Type “IMSI Catcher” in google play store -> apps with max downloads
- These applications safe and reliable? Developers claim so..!
- Zero (0) studies – testing these apps, no clear idea about their operation
- Very little data is online about their success and effective operation

# How did we study ICD apps

- Learn their capabilities and limitations through source code and documentation
- Typically there is a detection engine monitoring and analyzing several “**Parameters**” – can fit into three categories
  - Layer 1 information
  - Broadcasted signaling
  - Dedicated signaling



# Layer 1 Information – Rx Power

- By design phone always connects to a BS with the strongest signal
- ICs operate in higher and power than real BS to attract nearby mobile phones (higher Rx values on the phone side)
- ICs also have different operating schedule than real BS
- Rx power – not a reliable parameter, affected due to surroundings

# Broadcast Signaling

- BS broadcasts System Information Block (SIB) messages for identification
- SIB messages contain network information, including:
  - Identity of the network, mobile country code and mobile network code
  - Identity of the BS, location area code (LAC) and cell ID (CID)
  - Neighboring cell list
- BS pages mobiles for incoming service request (call, SMS or data)
- All broadcasted signaling messages are not encrypted
- Phones trusts broadcasted signals sent by any network

# Dedicated Signalling

- By default phone **cannot distinguish** b/w real and fake base stations
- Phones exchanges messages with fake base station same as a real one
- ICs have quest for information, hence exhibit a **different signaling pattern**
  - Identity requests, always ask for permanent identities (IMEI)
  - Authentication can be never successful in 3G due to the lack of master key (ciphering is also not possible). But in 2G skip it with no hassle
  - Unintended signaling messages including silent SMS, location request, NITZ, etc.

# Unexplored parameters

- ICD apps did not implement certain important parameters that stingray could use
  - RAND and AUTN (Authentication parameters, tracking attacks)
  - Location requests (for emergency calling or location based services, geolocation)
  - NITZ (Network information and Time Zone, DoS and time spoofing)

# Apps and parameters

Parameters	SnoopSnitch	Cell Spy Catcher	GSM Spy Finder	Darshak	AIMSICD
<b>Layer 1</b>					
Rx power (P1)	X	X	✓	X	✓
<b>Broadcasted signaling</b>					
SIB messages (P2)	✓	X	X	✓	X
LAC and Cell-ID (P3)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Neighboring cell lists (P4)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Paging (P5)	✓	X	X	X	X
<b>Dedicated signaling</b>					
Identity requests (P6)	✓	X	X	✓	X
Authentication procedure (P7)	✓	X	X	✓	X
Ciphering and integrity protection (P8)	✓	X	X	✓	✓
Silent SMS (P9)	✓	X	X	✓	✓
Reject messages (P10)	✓	X	X	X	X



# The White-Stingray

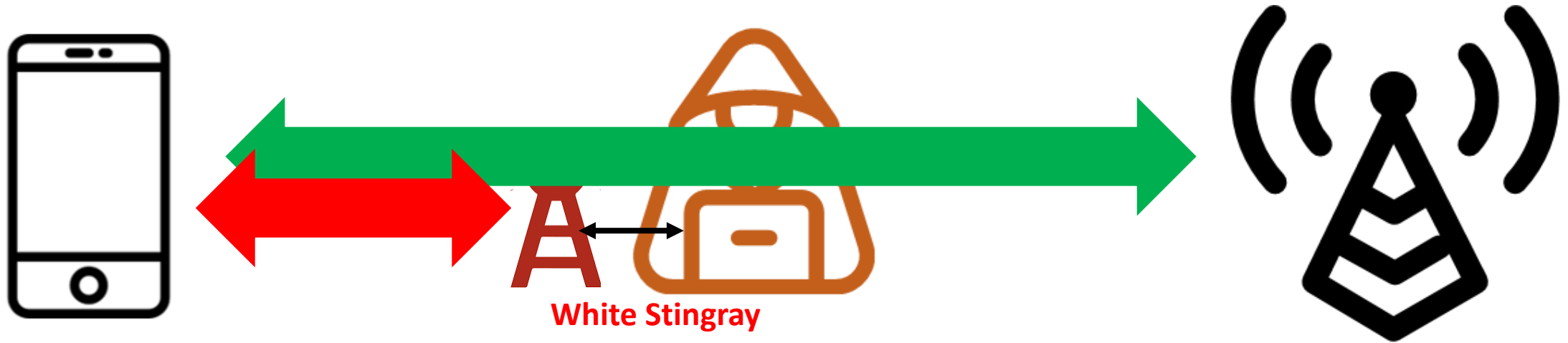
- Hardware: **USRP** B210 (RF frontend) + **UDOO** x86 (embedded PC)
- Software: **OpenBTS** (2G), **OpenBTS-UMTS** (3G), ICD apps
- Software modified to operate IC patterns
- 4G IC patterns also available, but apps support only 2G and 3G
- Faraday cage for testing



# White-Stingray features

- Generates IC patterns
- normal and abnormal network configurations
- Unexpected protocol sequences.. smart fuzzing
- Unauthenticated message operation
- Bypass security mechanisms - plain-text communications
- Denial of Service, Jamming
- Silent call, Spam SMS

# Game time



# White-stingray vs ICD apps

- Rogue Base station with normal and abnormal identities
- IMSI catching – Asking for IMSI
- IMEI catching – Asking for IMEI, traditional and abnormal
- Location requests - RRLP
- Authentication bypass – Skip authentication
- NULL encryption – Skip encryption or use A5/0

# White-stingray vs ICD apps

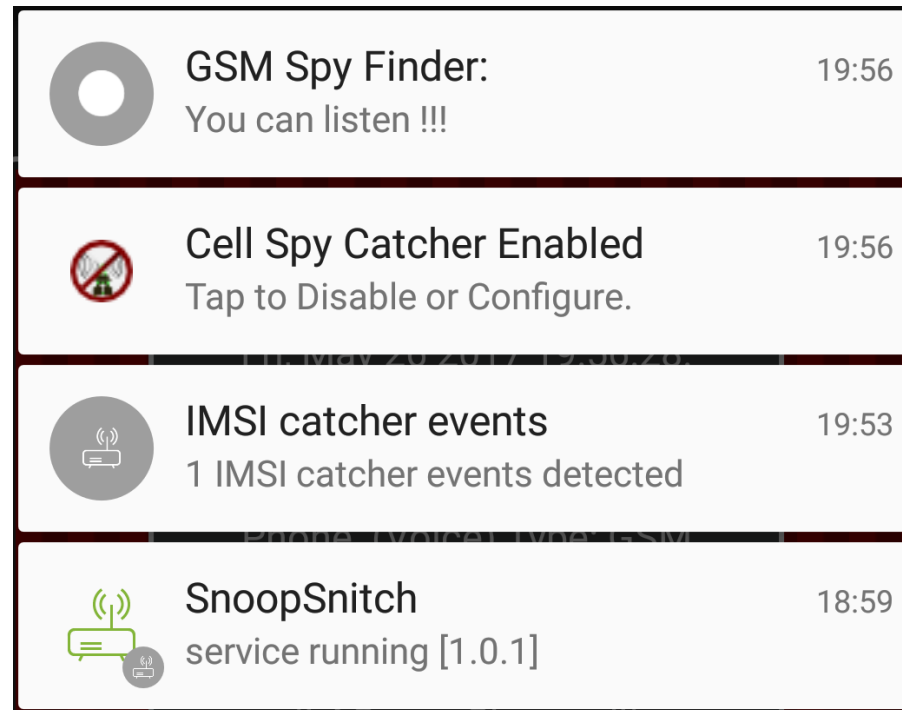
- Paging with IMSI, TMSI, IMEI
- Bogus neighbor cell lists – Empty or fake cells
- High Power transmissions – Detect short and long lived high power
- Silent calls and silent SMS
- Spoofing false time and location information
- Downgrade from 3G to 2G



# Bypassed or Caught. What happened?

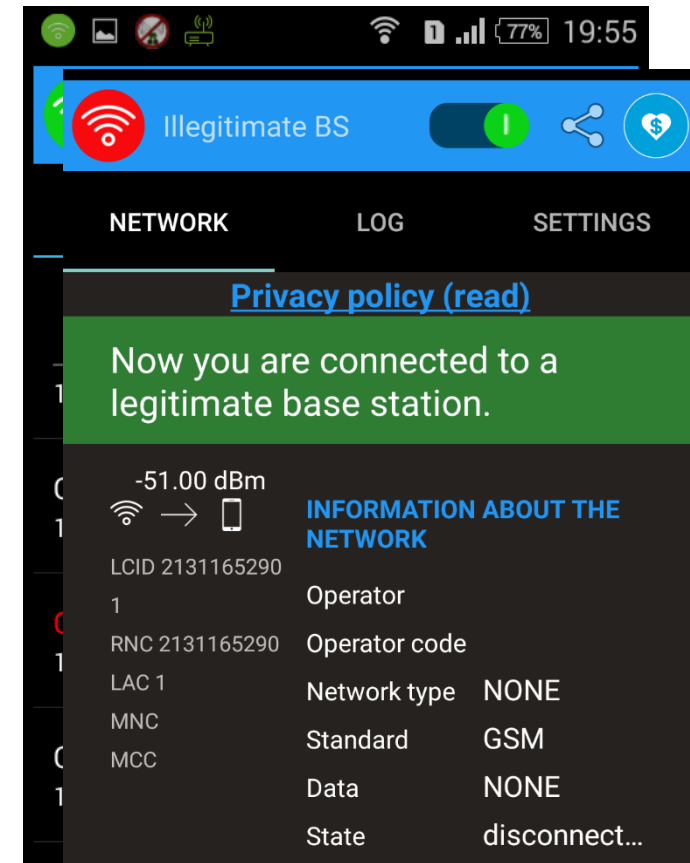
# Findings

- Apps exhibit false positive and false negative alarms



# Findings

- Rx power is stored by all apps, but none use it detect
- SpyFinder warn for abnormal network codes
  - Location Area Code: 1 to 9 , rest is normal
- Some apps warn for every new location code
  - False positives
- AIMSICD stores every cell for each Location and warns during mismatch



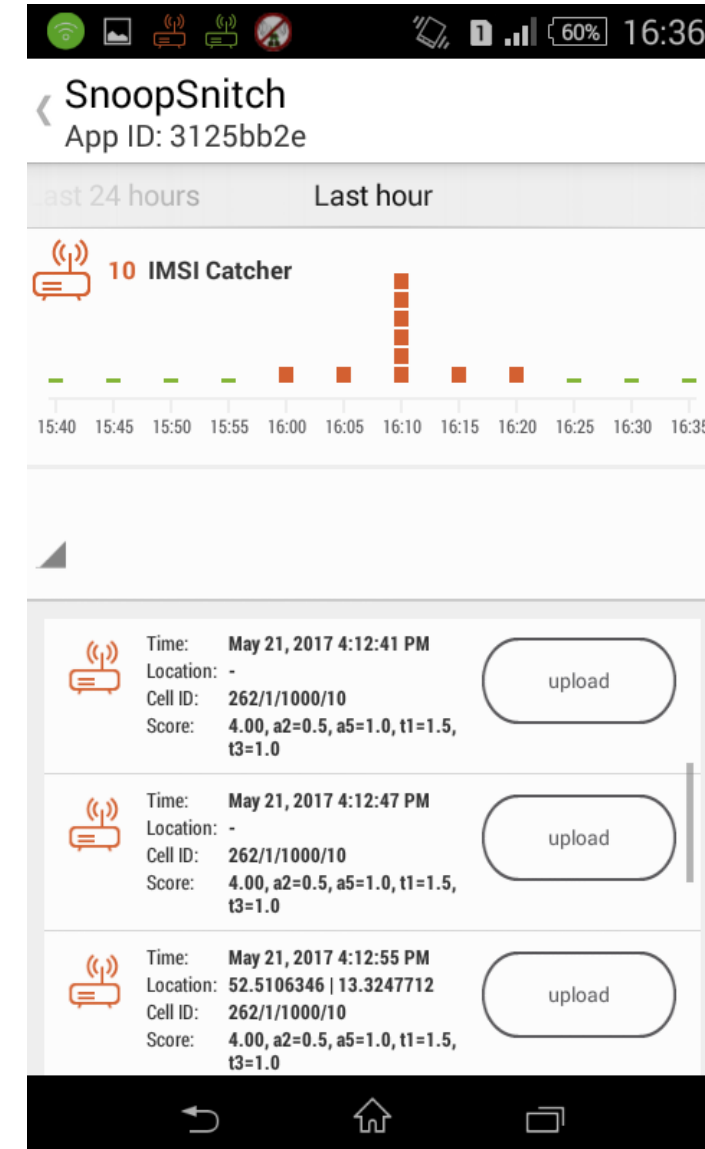
# Findings

- Paging by IMSI – only *snoopsnitch* detects
- SpyFinder shows 100% confidence in rogue base station
- No response from CellSpyCatcher



# Findings

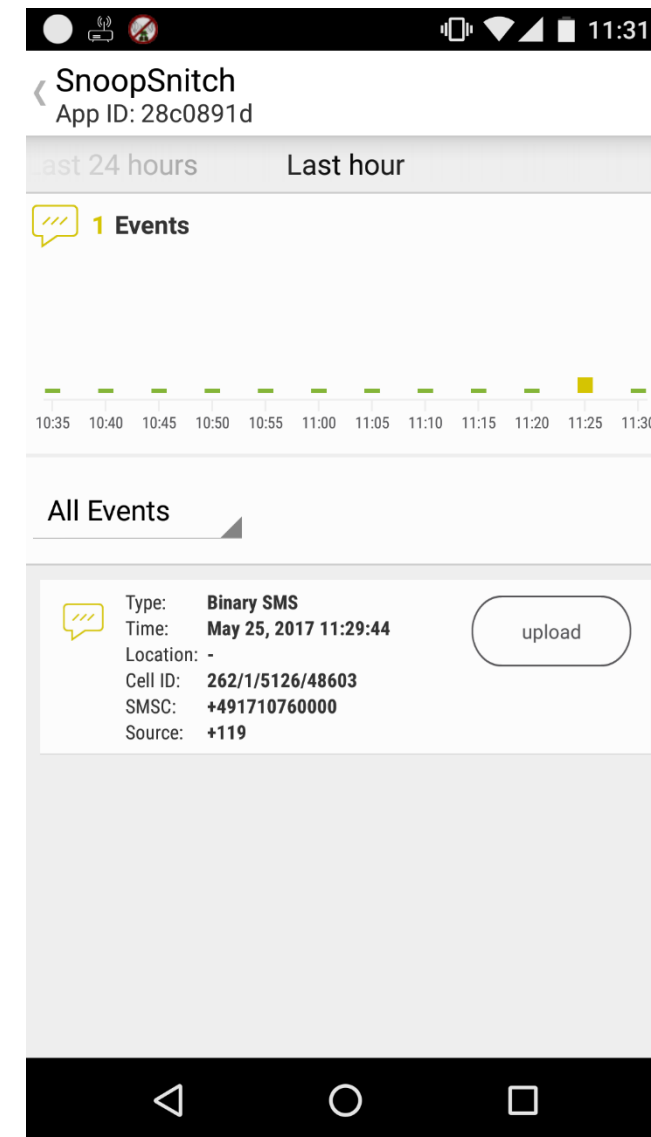
- Collecting IMSI, IMEI and closing connection
- Only SnoopSnitch, Darshak and AIMSICD detect
- Sometime alarms from snoopsnitch are delayed – internal analysis takes time
- SnoopSnitch and Darshak evaluates **authentication** parameters, but no alarm is triggered





# Findings

- Apps **detect null ciphering**, only SnoopSnitch and Darshak generates alarm
- Silent SMS detected by SnoopSnitch and Darshak
- Silent calls, Fake NITZ and downgrading can bypass detection



# New bypassing techniques

- Using identical parameters like real base station
  - Reply the same System Information messages
- Operating incomplete protocol sequence
  - Ask for IMSI, IMEI and stay silent – do not issue reject
- Certain corner cases of signaling messages are not detected
- App makes incorrect assumptions on 3G ICs –lack of maturity
- Unimplemented parameters bypassed

# Detection map

ICs Patterns	Snoop-Snitch		Cell Spy Catcher		GSM Spy Finder		Darshak		AIMSICD	
	2G	3G	2G	3G	2G	3G	2G	3G	2G	3G
Fluctuating Rx power and duration (C1)	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
Unusual network configurations (C2)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓
Unusual identity requests (C3)	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Unusual paging messages (C4)	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Authentication token replay (C5)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Zero or weak security (C6)	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
Silent SMS (C7)	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓
Silent calls (C8)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Fake NITZ (C9)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Location leaks (C10)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Unusual downgrade from 3G to 2G (C11)	—	✗	—	✗	—	✗	—	✗	—	✗

# Strengths

- Identity requests are detected
- Simple and common threats are detected
  - Binary SMS, abnormal cell IDs
- Notification to users by certain apps



# Weaknesses

- Weak detection strategies
  - Improper parameter selection
  - Not ready for unexpected protocol sequences
- Insufficient features
  - Design issues for developers
  - Missing parameters



# Fixes

## Developers

- Bad idea to rely only on broadcast parameters – false positives and negatives
- Protocol sequence handling – all possible types
- Radio messages with privacy sensitive info – need more inspection
- Right notifications and alerts at right time – real time
- Don't annoy the user with false alarms and too often

# Fixes

## OS and baseband Makers

- Full open access to baseband via the OS – very risky
- But, baseband makers should consider offering a secure and controlled access b/w smartphone OS and baseband OS
- Access network traces without root access
- Xiaomi announces smartphone processor with integrated baseband chip – with ICD features. Bingo..!

# Commercial ICD

## **GSMK cryptophone, Overwatch**

- Reliably detects many patterns of white-stingray
  - 70% detection, good score
- Although some new circumventing techniques bypassed
- Real-time alerts and phone reboots with strong signs of IMSI catcher





# Learnings

- Phones are vulnerable
- We can still fight IMSI catchers – easier compared to life on Mars
- Potentially weak detectors – fail to catch
- Require more robust and smart detection algorithms
- Vendors and manufacturers should provide more controlled access to baseband

# The End

